**1st TERM WRITTEN TEST GRADE 8 2017-2018**

1. **LISTENING:**

**I. Listen to the conversation between Duong and Peter. Then tick True (T) or False (F) : (1 point)**

**II. Listen to the conversation again and answer the questions. (1 point)**

1. **USE OF LANGUAGE:**

**III. Find the word which has different sound in the part underlined. ( 1 point)**

1. A. men**tion** B. ques**tion** C. ac**tion** D. educa**tion**

2. A. populat**ed** B. load**ed** C. harvest**ed** D. stay**ed**

3. A. comm**u**nity B. comp**u**ter C. c**us**toms D. m**u**seum

4. A. m**i**nority B. ethn**i**c C. trad**i**tion D. rel**i**gion

**III. Choose the best answer. ( 2.0 points )**

1. The girl was crying when a fairy\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. appeared B. was appearing C. appears D. is appearing

1. There is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in our family that we have a party on New Year’s Eve.

A. custom B. tradition C. legend D. belief

1. They\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with tradition by getting married quietly.

A. ended B. took C. disconnected D. broke

1. Circle the letter preceding the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

A. cook**ed** B. mend**ed** C. want**ed** D. import**ed**

1. They walked in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the capital.

A. group B. crowd C. procession D. line

1. Would you like\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_milk?

A. some B. many C. any D. a few

1. He has lived in this village \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he was born.

A. for B. since C. until D. when

1. Circle the letter preceding the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.
2. **th**ink B. **th**is C. **th**at D. al**th**ough

**IV. Give the correct form of the following verbs: ( 1.0 point)**

|  |
| --- |
| 1. My mother always tells me that I have to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ home by 9 p.m. **(be)** |
|  |
| 2. When I came, the whole family \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dinner around a big dining table. **(have)** |
| 3. Children should\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ things from adults with both hands. (**take)**  4. In Australia, you mustn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on a person’s accent. **(comment)** |

**C-READING:**

**V 1. Read and complete the passage with words in the box. (1.0 point)**

|  |
| --- |
| **traditional includes preparation therefore** |

Tet is the biggest festival in Vietnam. To celebrate Tet, Vietnamese people make many tasty (1)……..….foods. The most important food (2)………***Chung*** cakes, sausages, boiled chicken, spring rolls, and sticky rice. Chung cake is made of sticky rice, pork, green beans, and other spices, wrapped in green leaves; (3)…….….., this cake needs a lot of (4)………... This cake can be kept for a long time, even though the weather is often humid during Tet. Other significant foods that cannot be missed to worship the ancestors are sausages, spring rolls, and sticky rice. Because sausages are difficult to make, people often buy them from famous suppliers. However, sticky rice and spring rolls are easier to prepare and must be served immediately after they are cooked, so they are often made at home.

**2. Read the passage and answer these questions below. (1point)**

TET holiday is celebrated on the first day of the Lunar New Year in Viet Nam. Some weeks before the New Year, the Vietnamese clean their houses and paint the walls. New clothes are bought for the occasion. One or two days before the festival, people make *Banh Chung*, which is the traditional cake, and kinds of jam. On the new Year’s Eve, the whole family get together for a reunion dinner. Every member of the family should be present during the dinner in which many different kinds of dishes are served. On the New Year morning, the young member of the family pay their respects to the elders. And the children receive lucky money wrapped in red tiny envelops. Then people go to visit their neighbors, friends and relatives.

1. Is TET holiday celebrated on the second day of the Lunar New Year in Viet Nam?

- ………………………………………………………………………………………..

2. What do the Vietnamese often do some weeks before the New Year?

-………………………………………………………………………………………..

3. Who do people often visit on TET holiday?

- ……………………………………………………………………………………….

4. How many kinds of dishes are served in the reunion dinner?

-……………………………………………………………………………………..…

**D-WRITING:**

**VI. There is a mistake in each sentence. Find the mistake (A, B, C, or D ) and correct it. ( 1point)**

1.In Australia, you mustn’t to comment on a person’s accent.

A B C D

2.In my family, children has to get permission before leaving the dining table.

A B C D

3.When I come, the whole family was having dinner around a big dining table.

A B C D

4.Lang Lieu couldn’t bought any special food because he was very poor.

A B C D

**VII. Rewrite these sentences, using the words given. (1point)**

1. The king kong is the biggest animal in the world.

- No \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. I last took a photo five years ago.

- I have\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. We enjoy learning English.

- We are\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. He gave his younger brother only a star fruit tree.

- Only a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

5. It’s the first time I have ever eaten Chung cake.

- I have never\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

6. People often hold many useful activities in the festival season.

- Many useful activities \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**THE END**

**Đáp án và thang điểm chấm:**

**A- LISTENING :**

**I: ( 0,25đ/ câu đúng)**

1. T
2. T
3. F
4. T

**II: ( 0,25đ/ câu đúng)**

1. Peter will come to Viet Nam in spring.

2. In April.

3. Duong’s family prepares a five-fruit tray and makes jam and makes Chung cakes.

4. In Bac Ninh

**B- USE OF LANGUAGE**

**III. ( 0,25đ/ câu đúng)**

**1.B**

**2.D**

**3.D**

**4.A**

**IV. ( 0,25đ/ câu đúng)**

**1.D**

**2.D**

**3.A**

**4.C**

**5.D**

**6.A**

**7.C**

**8.B**

**V. ( 0,25đ/ câu đúng)**

1. be

2.was having

3. take

4.comment

**C.READING**

**VI:**

1. **Read and complete the passage with words in the box. ( 0,25đ/ câu đúng)**

1.traditional 2.Includes 3. therefore 4. preparation

**2. Answer the following questions: ( 0,25đ/ câu đúng)**

1.No, It isn’t.

2. Some weeks before the New Year, the Vietnamese clean their houses and paint the walls

3. People go to visit their neighbors, friends and relatives.

4. Many different kinds of dishes are served

**D. WRITING**

**VI:**

**a.Mỗi câu 0.25 điểm/ câu**

1.B. **mustn’t to** -> must

2.B. has to -> have to

3.B.come-> came

4.A.couldn’t bought -> couldn’t buy

**b. Mỗi câu 0.25 điểm/ câu**

1.Lang Lieu couldn’t buy any special food , because he was very poor.

2.During Tet, Vietnamese people buy all kinds of sweets, so they make Chung cakes as well.

3.The Hung King Temple Festival was a local festival; however , it has become a public holiday in Viet Nam since 2007.

4.At the Mid-Autumn Festival, kids can sing, dance, and enjoy moon-cakes; therefore , every child like it very much.